

private

Philadelphia, Sept. 28<sup>th</sup> 1863.

Hon. Abraham Lincoln -

President of the United States

Sir -

Permit me, as Editor of the "Lodge's Book", to request a few minutes of your precious time, while laying before you a subject of deep interest to myself and - as I trust - even to the President of our Republic, of some importance. This subject is to have the day of our Ann - at Thanksgiving made a National and fixed Union Festival.

You may have observed that, for some years past, there has been an increasing interest felt in our land to have the Thanksgiving held on the same day in all the States; it now needs National recognition and authoritative fixation only, to become permanently, an American custom and institution.

Enclosed are three papers (being printed there on early news) which will make the idea and its proper clear and show also the popularity of the plan.

For the last fifteen years I have set forth this idea in the "Lodge's Book", and placed the papers before the Governors of all the States and Territories - also I have sent them to our Ministers abroad, and our Ministers to the heathen - and commanders in the Army. From the recipients I have received uniformly the most kind approval. Two of these letters - one from Governor (now General) Banks and one from

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Governor Morgan and enclosed, both gentlemen  
as you will see, have assiduously aided to bring  
about the desired Thanksgiving Union.

But I find there are obstacles not possible to  
be overcome without legislative aid - that  
each State should, by Statute, make it obligatory on  
the Governor to appoint the last Thursday of Novem-  
ber, annually, as Thanksgiving Day, - or, as this  
way would require years to be realized, it has  
occurred to me that a proclamation from  
the President of the United States would  
be the best, surest and most fitting method  
of National appointment.

I have written to my friend, Hon.  
Mr. H. Sumner, and requested him to confer  
with President Lincoln on this subject  
as the President of the United States has the  
power of appointment for the District of Co-  
lumbia and the Territories, also for the  
Army and Navy and all American citi-  
zens abroad who claim protection from  
the U. S. Flag - could he not, with right as well  
as duty, issue his proclamation for a Day  
of National Thanksgiving for all the above  
classes of persons and would it not be fitting  
and patriotic for him to appeal to the Govern-  
ors of all the States, inviting and commending  
them to unite, <sup>in joining the celebration</sup> for the last Thursday in  
November as the Day of Thanksgiving for

the people of each State? Thus the great Union Festival of America would be established.

Now the purpose of this letter is to entreat President Lincoln to put forth his Proclamation, appointing the last Thursday in November (which falls this year on the 26<sup>th</sup>) as the National Thanksgiving for all those classes of people who are under the National Government particularly, and commending this Union Thanksgiving to each State Executive: thus by the noble example and action of the President of the United States, the permanency and unity of our great American Festival of Thanksgiving would be forever secured.

An immediate proclamation would be necessary, so as to reach all the States in season for State appointments, were to anticipate the early appointments by Governors.

Excuse the liberty I have taken.

With profound respect

Yours truly

Sarah Josepha Hale.

Editor of the "Ladies' Book"

Copy the Ladies' Book for Sept. 1862.

Would it not be of great advantage, socially, nationally, religiously, to have the war of our American Thanksgiving positively settled? Putting aside the social feelings and local incidents that might be urged by any single State or isolated Territory that desire to choose its own time, would it not be more noble, more truly American, to become nationally so united when we offer to God our tribute of joy and gratitude for the blessings of the year?

Taking this view of the case, would it not be better that the proclamation which appoints Thursday the 26th of November (1862) as the day of Thanksgiving for the people of the United States of America should, in the first instance, emanate from the President of the Republic—to be applied by the Governors of each and every State, in accordance with the chief executive adviser?

**Abraham Lincoln Papers at the Library of Congress. Transcribed and Annotated by the Lincoln Studies Center, Knox College. Galesburg, Illinois.**

**Sarah J. Hale to Abraham Lincoln, Monday, September 28, 1863 (Thanksgiving)**

From Sarah J. Hale to Abraham Lincoln1, September 28, 1863

Private

Philadelphia, Sept. 28th 1863.

Sir.--

Permit me, as Editress of the "Lady's Book", to request a few minutes of your precious time, while laying before you a subject of deep interest to myself and -- as I trust -- even to the President of our Republic, of some importance. This subject is to have the day of our annual Thanksgiving made a National and fixed Union Festival.

You may have observed that, for some years past, there has been an increasing interest felt in our land to have the Thanksgiving held on the same day, in all the States; it now needs National recognition and authoritative fixation, only, to become permanently, an American custom and institution.

Enclosed are three papers (being printed these are easily read) which will make the idea and its progress clear and show also the popularity of the plan.

For the last fifteen years I have set forth this idea in the "Lady's Book", and placed the papers before the Governors of all the States and Territories -- also I have sent these to our Ministers abroad, and our Missionaries to the heathen -- and commanders in the Navy. From the recipients I have received, uniformly the most kind approval. Two of these letters, one from Governor (now General) Banks and one from Governor Morgan2 are enclosed; both gentlemen as you will see, have nobly aided to bring about the desired Thanksgiving Union.

But I find there are obstacles not possible to be overcome without legislative aid -- that each State should, by statute, make it obligatory on the Governor to appoint the last Thursday of November, annually, as Thanksgiving Day; -- or, as this way would require years to be realized, it has occurred to me that a proclamation from the President of the United States would be the best, surest and most fitting method of National appointment.

I have written to my friend, Hon. Wm. H. Seward, and requested him to confer with President Lincoln on this subject As the President of the United States has the power of appointments for the District of Columbia and the Territories; also for the Army and Navy and all American citizens abroad who claim protection from the U. S. Flag -- could he not, with right as well as duty, issue his proclamation for a Day of National Thanksgiving for all the above classes of persons? And would it not be fitting and patriotic for him to appeal to the Governors of all the States, inviting and commending these to unite in issuing proclamations for the last Thursday in November as the Day of Thanksgiving for the people of each State? Thus the great Union Festival of America would be established.

Now the purpose of this letter is to entreat President Lincoln to put forth his Proclamation, appointing the last Thursday in November (which falls this year on the 26th) as the National Thanksgiving for all those classes of people who are under the National Government particularly, and commending this Union Thanksgiving to each State Executive: thus, by the noble example and action of the President of the United States, the permanency and unity of our Great American Festival of Thanksgiving would be forever secured.

An immediate proclamation would be necessary, so as to reach all the States in season for State appointments, also to anticipate the early appointments by Governors.<sup>3</sup>

Excuse the liberty I have taken  
With profound respect  
Yrs truly

Sarah Josepha Hale,  
Editress of the "Ladys Book"

[Note 1 ID: Sarah J. Hale, a poet and novelist, became editor of the Ladies' Magazine in 1828. In 1837 the Ladies' Magazine was sold and became known as the Lady's Book. Hale served as editor of the Lady's Book until 1877. During her tenure as editor, Hale made the magazine the most recognized and influential periodical for women. Hale was involved in numerous philanthropic pursuits and used her position as editor to advocate the education of women.]

[Note 2 Nathaniel P. Banks and Edwin D. Morgan]

[Note 3 On October 3, Lincoln issued a proclamation that urged Americans to observe the last Thursday in November as a day of thanksgiving. See Collected Works, VI, 496-97.]